

A PARENTS GUIDE TO...

DYSPRAXIA

What is Dyspraxia?

Dyspraxic children and adults tend to be holistic problem solvers and intuitive, creative thinkers. It's important to note that it does not affect intelligence. Nonetheless, it can impact on learning style, as organisation and memory are involved to varying degrees. People who are dyspraxic thus find that learning often takes longer and is more tiring than for others without Specific Learning Difficulties. Common indicators are motor difficulties caused by peripheral problems, especially visual-motor and kinaesthetic-motor difficulties.

How might my child display this

- has difficulty with speech
- is untidy and has poor self help skills
- finds instructions hard to remember
- needs to be constantly changing activities
- unknowingly knocks into other pupils
- can be sensitive to high levels of noise, light or touch
- unable to produce legible handwriting in the time allowed

Where can I find useful information?



NHS choices

Understood
for learning & attention issues

Who can I contact at the school for advice?

Special Educational Needs Coordinator (SENCo)– Mrs G Reed,
greed@thelangton.kent.sch.uk

